



Quick Setup Guide

PTP 820S System Release 10.9



Introduction

Thank you for purchasing Cambium Networks PTP 820S equipment. This guide is provided to assist operators in setting up and configuring a PTP 820S 1+0 link.

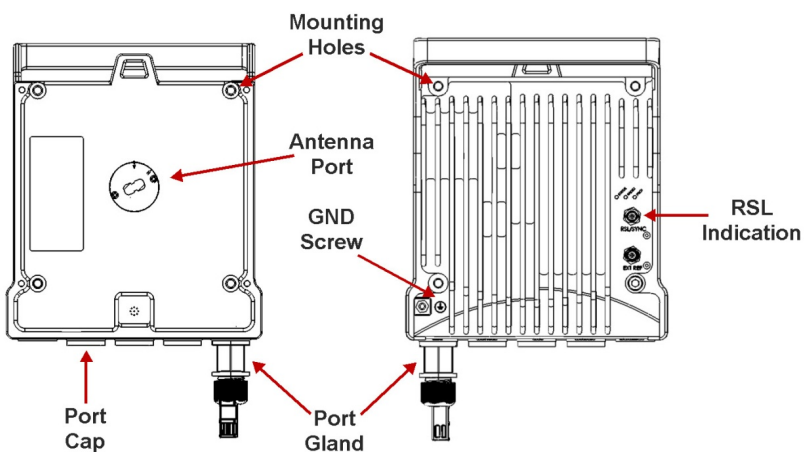
For detailed instructions of all supported PTP 820S link types, refer the *PTP 820S Installation Guide*.

For detailed instructions of software configurations, refer the *PTP 820 C/S User Guide*.

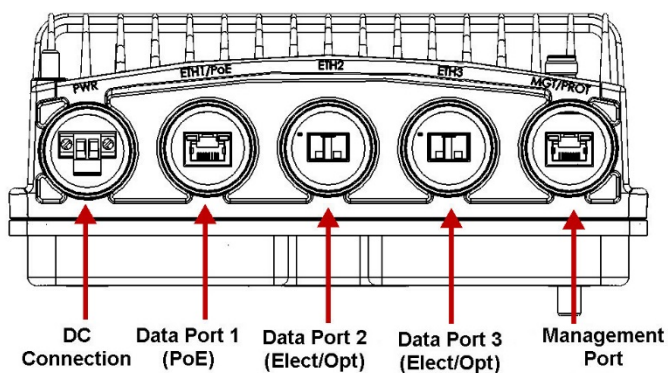
The documents can be located here:

<https://support.cambiumnetworks.com>

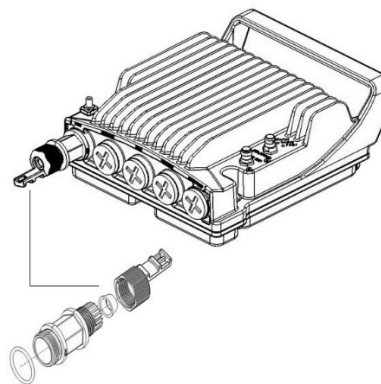
PTP 820S Rear View and Front View



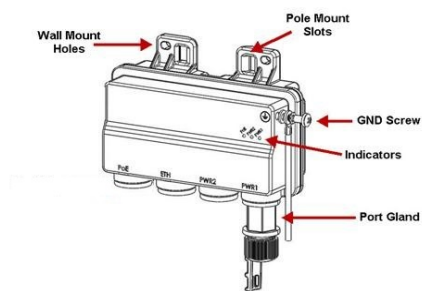
PTP 820S Interfaces



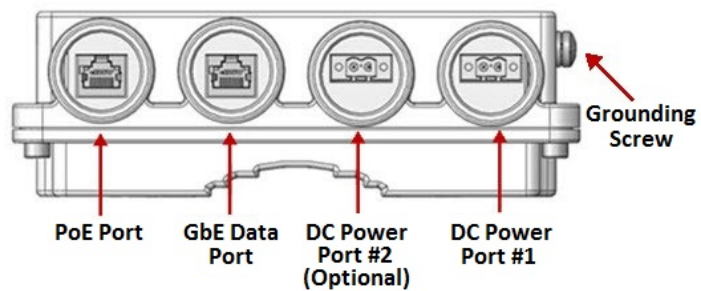
Cable Gland Constructor



PoE Injector



PoE Injector Interfaces

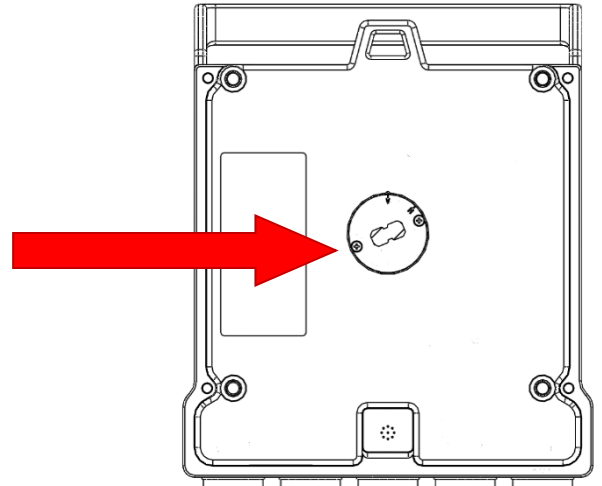


Installing the Unit

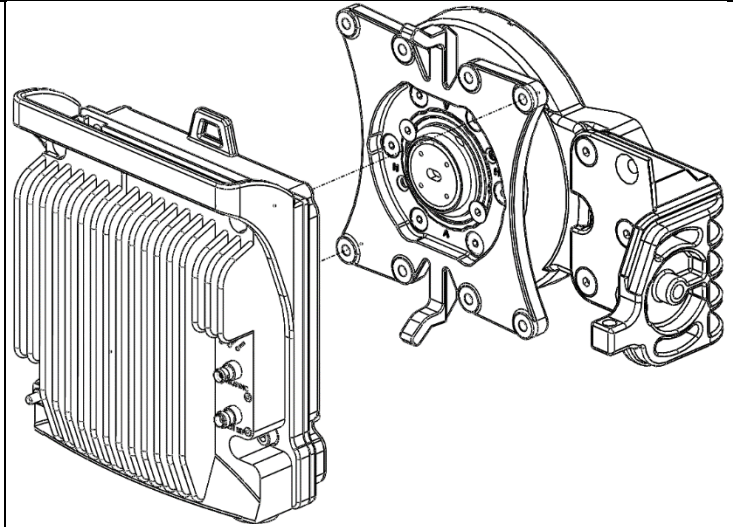
When tightening the captive screws, use 20 Nm torque for radio-antenna, radio-mediation device, and mediation device-antenna connections. In order to avoid misalignment, screws should be tightened progressively

**Note**

Do not remove the transparent pressure window located on the antenna interface.

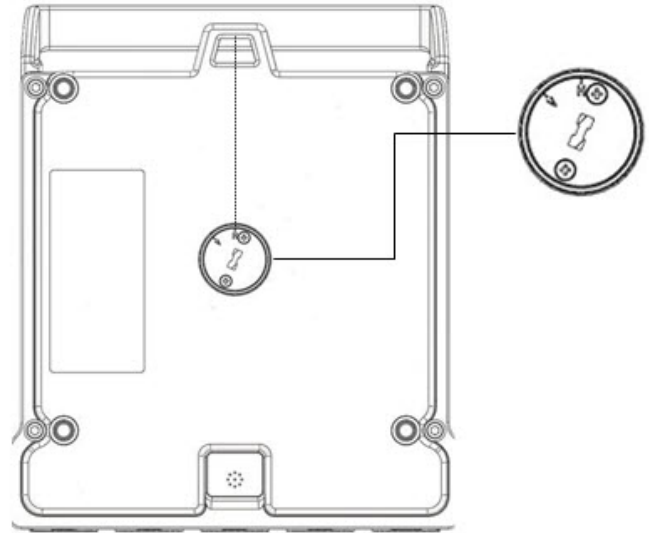


Mount the PTP 820S on the antenna using the four M8 captive screws and washers that are supplied, assembled, in the PTP 820S, and tighten the screws.

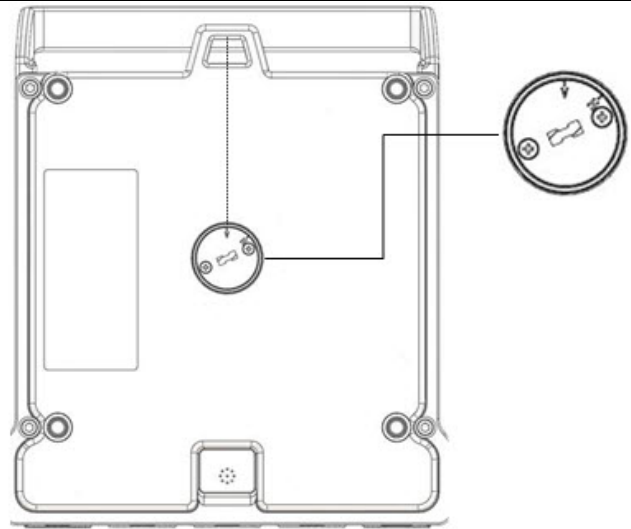


If necessary, change the antenna polarization by rotating the unit in accordance with the relevant antenna installation guide.

For horizontal polarization, locate the twist with the letter “H” vertical to the hook cover and fasten the two screws.

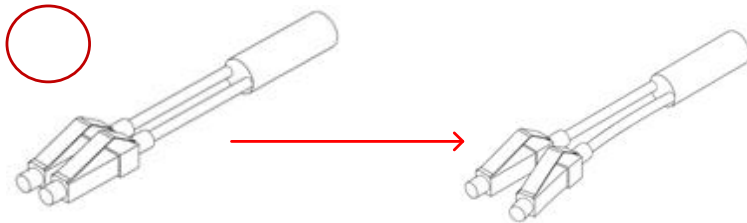


For vertical polarization, locate the twist with the letter “V” vertical to the hook cover and fasten the two screws.

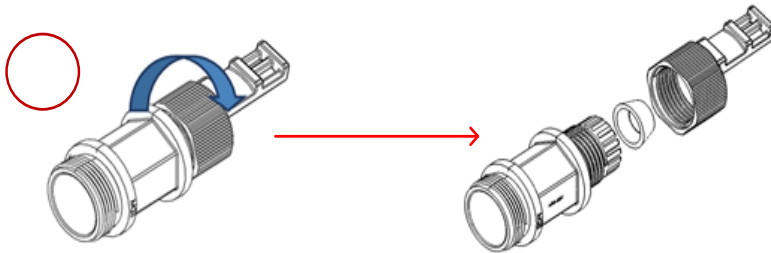


Cabling

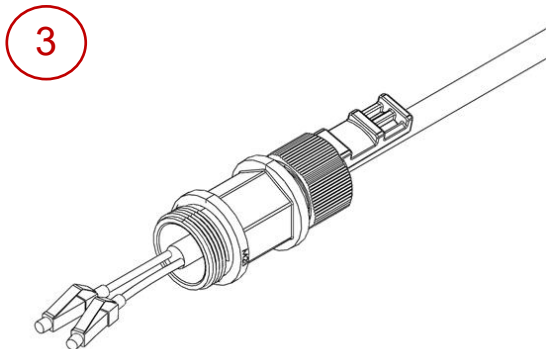
To connect an optical Ethernet cable and SFP



Split the connector into two separate LC connectors, one for each fiber.



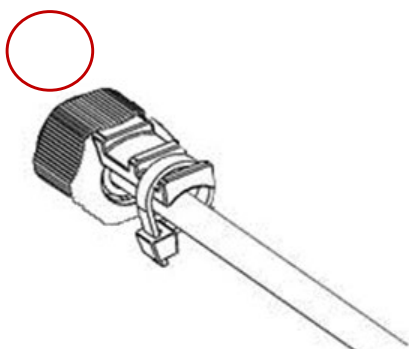
Remove the gland cap and rubber from the gland body



Slide the gland cap into the cable.

Slide the rubber into the cable.

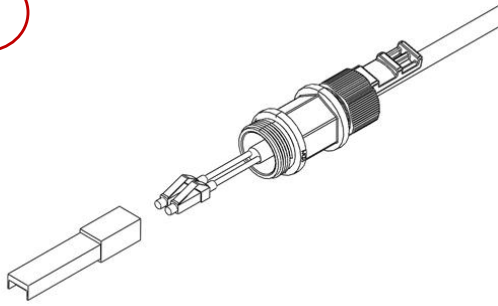
Insert the fibers with the connectors one by one into the cable gland.



Secure the cable to the lip of the gland using a tie wrap.

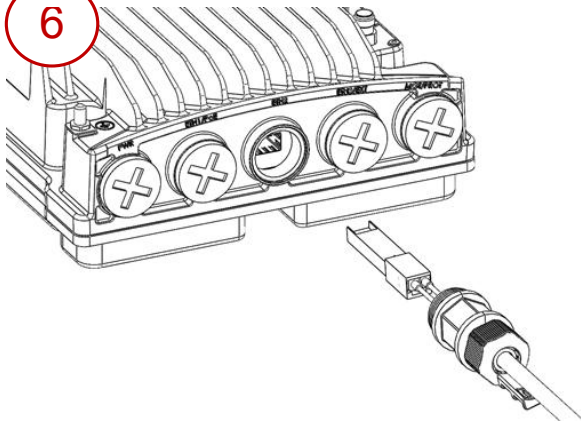
This is to prevent the cable from slipping from the gland when raising the cable to a radio unit on a tower.

5

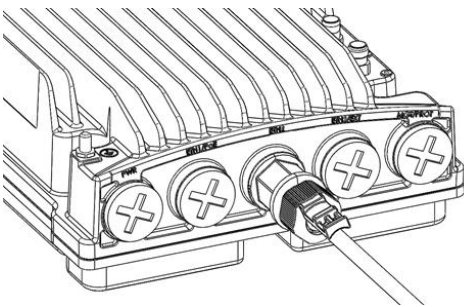


Connect the fibers to the SFP transceiver. Listen for the “click” to ensure that they are fully inserted.

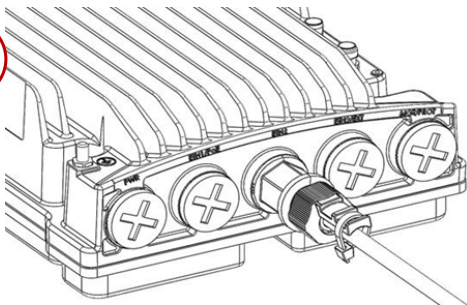
6



Remove the tie wrap securing the cable to the gland and connect the connector into the PTP 820S connector.

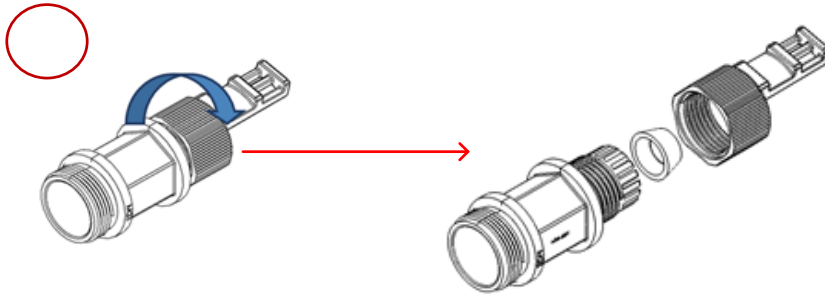


Hand-tighten the gland to the radio unit until there is full contact between the gland and the radio unit and hand-tighten the gland cap.

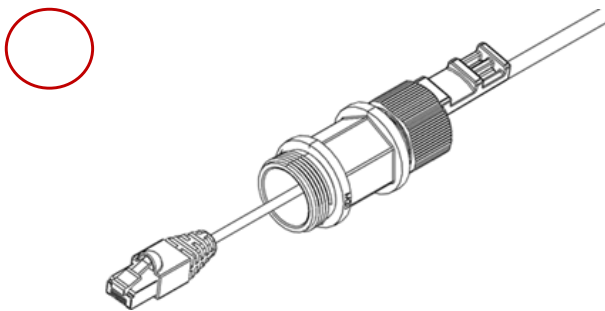


Secure the cable to the gland using a tie wrap.

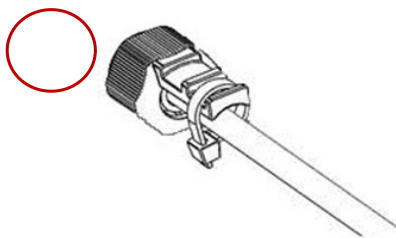
To connect an electrical Ethernet cable



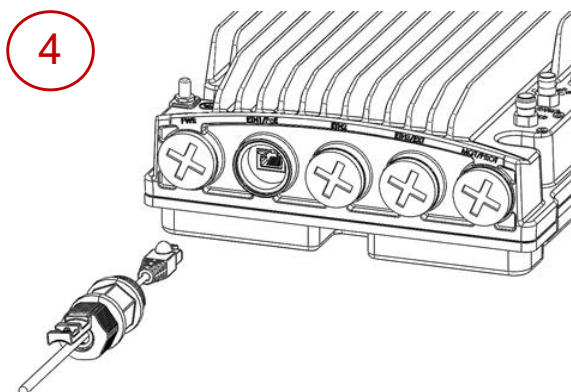
Remove the gland cap and rubber from the gland body



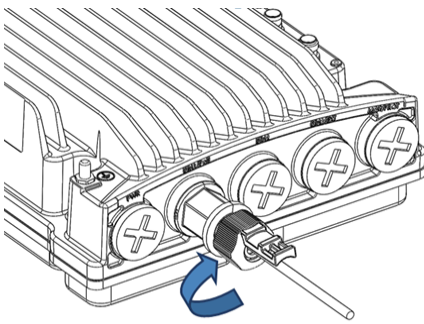
Insert the CAT5E cable into the gland cap and into the rubber gland.



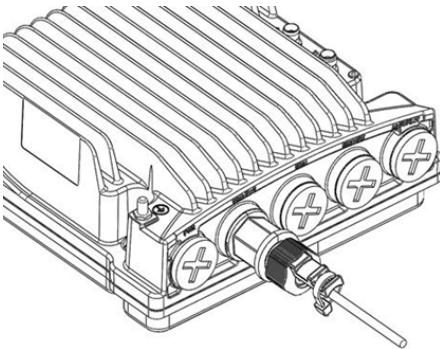
Secure the cable to the lip of the gland using a tie wrap. This is to prevent the cable from slipping from the gland when raising the cable to a radio unit on a tower.



Connect the CAT5E cable to the PTP 820S.



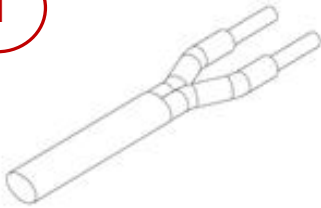
Hand-tighten the gland to the radio unit until there is full contact between the gland and the radio unit and hand-tighten the gland cap.



Secure the cable to the gland using a tie wrap.

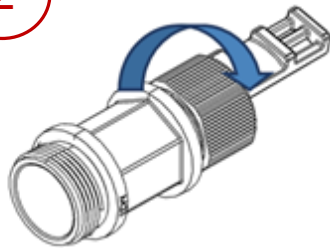
To connect a DC power cable

1



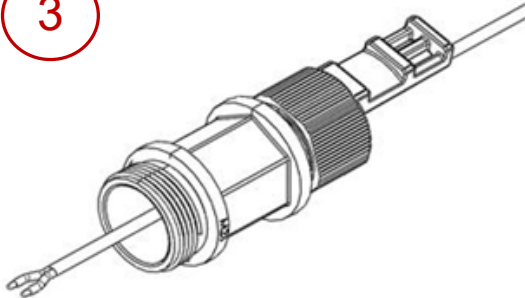
Strip off 45 mm from the cable jacket and expose 10 mm at the edge of each of the two wires.

2



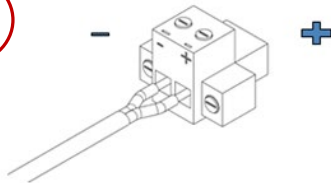
Remove the gland cap and rubber from the gland body

3

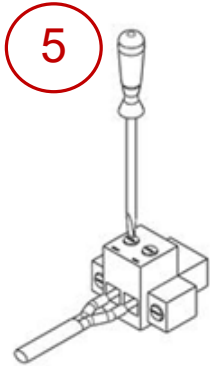


Insert the power cable into the gland.

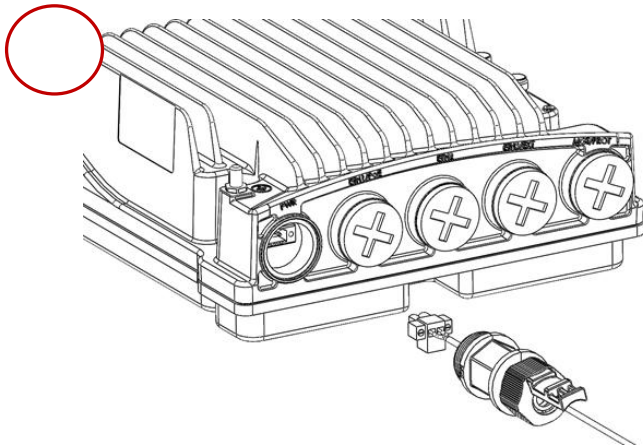
4



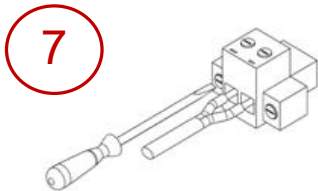
Insert the power cable wires into the power connector. Match "+" to the 0V wire and "-" to the -48V wire.



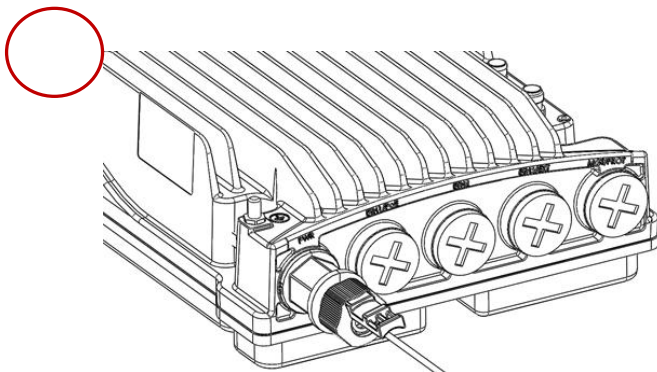
Tighten the two top screws.



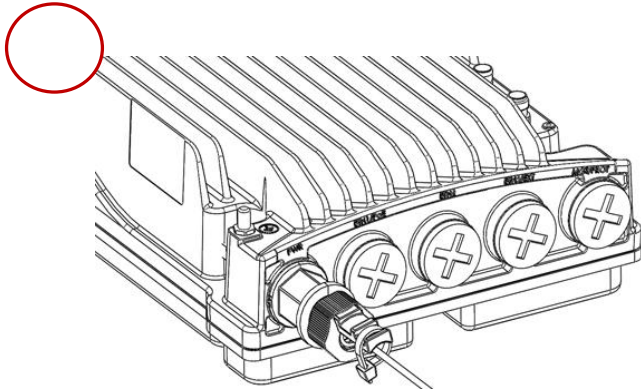
Plug the power cable with connector into the PTP 820S power connector.



Tighten the two front screws.

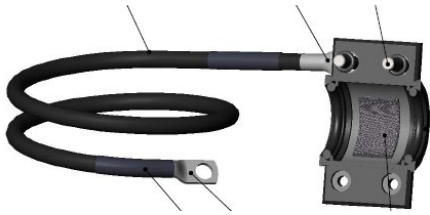


Hand-tighten the gland to the radio unit until there is full contact between the gland and the radio unit and hand-tighten the gland cap.



Secure the cable to the gland using a tie wrap.

Cable Grounding

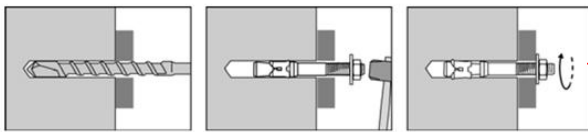


- No grounding is required for optical (SFP) cables.
- External shielded CAT5E cable should be grounded to the antenna tower at the top (next to the PTP 820 unit) and the bottom of the external run and every 50m using the PTP 820 Grounding kit for CAT5E F/UTP 8mm cable.

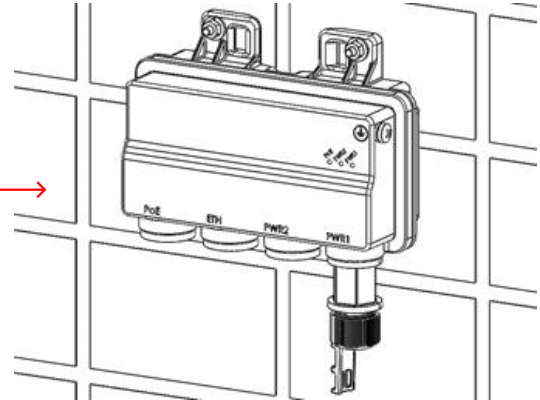
Installing and Connecting a PoE Injector

To mount a PoE Injector on the wall

- 1 Mount and tighten the PoE Injector to a wall using two M6 bolts and anchors. Use Anchor Stainless Steel with flanged Hexagonal nut M6X70.
- 2 Drill two 6mm diameter holes with 100mm between the center of the holes.



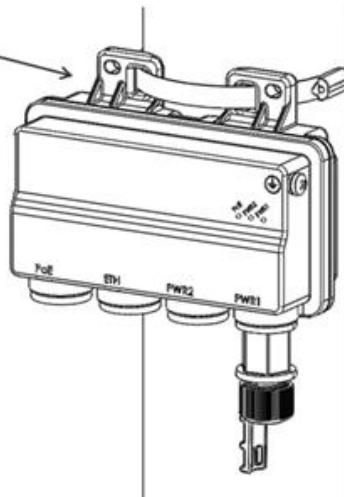
- 3 Insert the anchors with the bolts, place the washers on the bolts, and tighten the nuts.



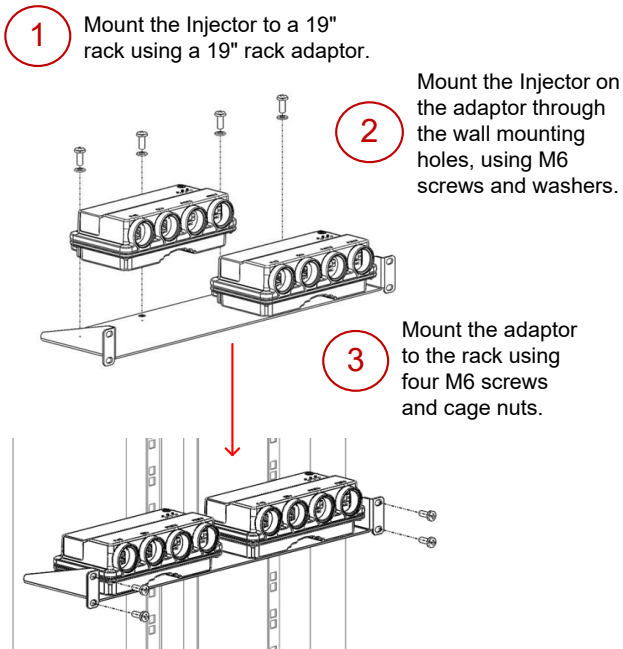
To mount a PoE Injector on a pole



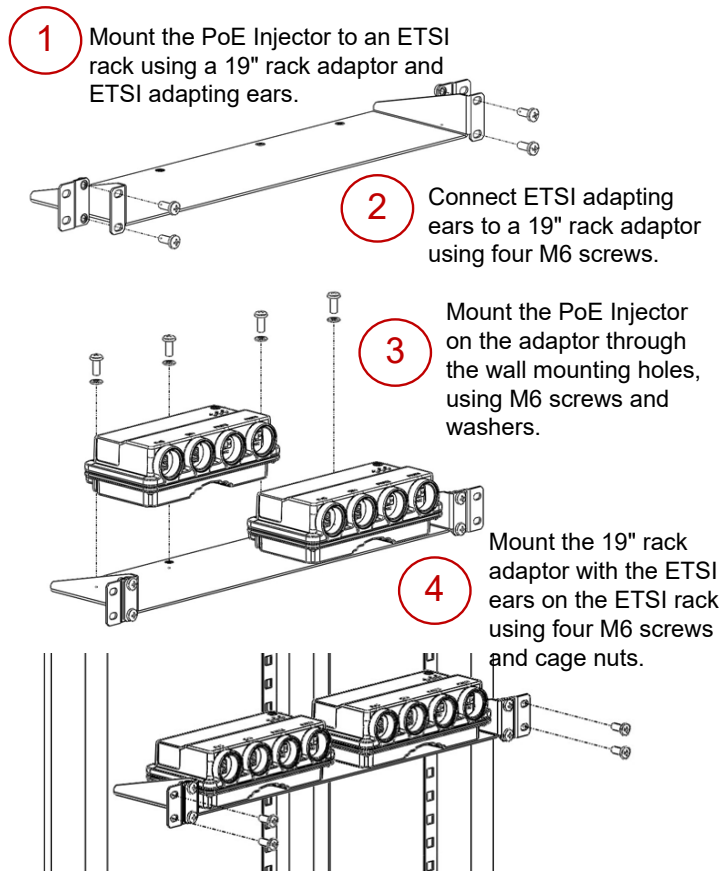
- 1 Mount and tighten the Injector to a 114mm pole using a stainless steel hose clamp.
- 2 Pass the hose clamp through the pole mount slots.
- 3 Attach the Injector to the pole.
- 4 Connect the ends of the hose clamp and tighten using the captive screw.



To mount a PoE Injector on a 19" rack



To mount a PoE Injector on an ETSI rack

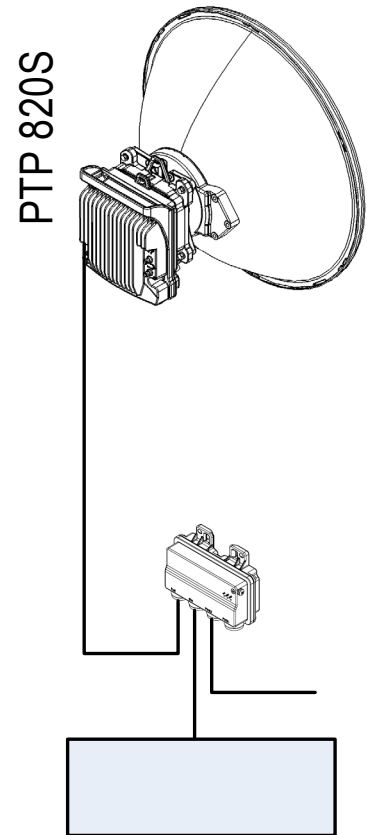


To ground a PoE Injector

1. On the right side of the PoE Injector, loosen the screw, plain washer, and serrated washer.
2. Place the cable lug supplied with the PoE Injector kit between the plain and serrated washer.
3. Tighten the screw.

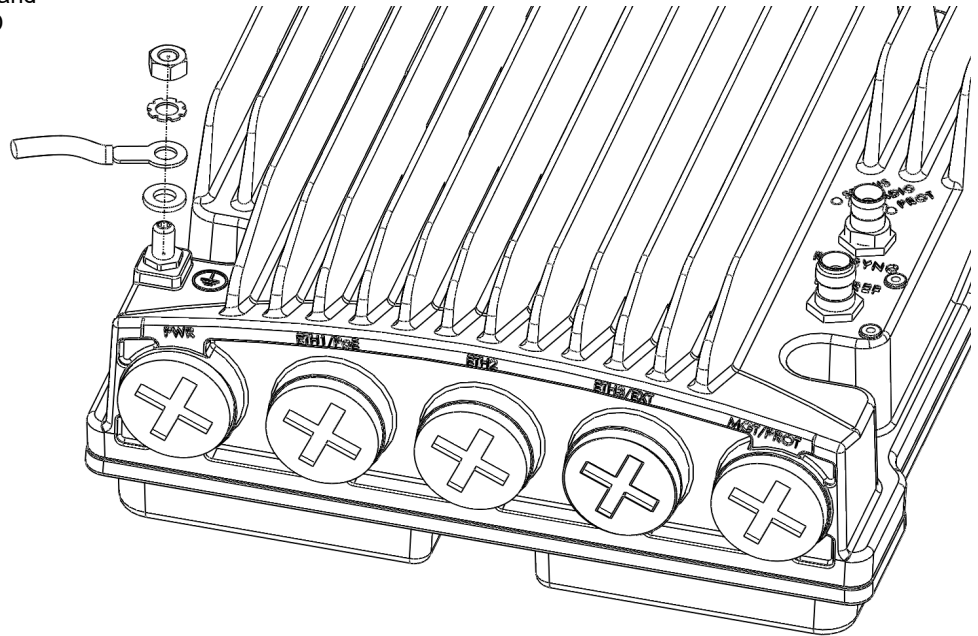
To connect the PoE Injector cables

- The total length of the cable between the PTP 820S port and the Switch/Router the device is connected to should not exceed 100m/328ft. This length includes the connection between the PTP 820S and the PoE Injector ($x_1 + x_2 \leq 100\text{m}/328\text{ft}$ in the figure to the right).
- The length of the cable connecting the customer equipment to the PoE injector should not be longer than 10m (according to ANSI/TIA-568 standard).



Grounding the PTP 820S

- 1 Loosen the nut, plain washer, and serrated washer from the GND stud, using the metric offset hexagon key and the wrench.
- 2 Place the cable lug supplied with the grounding kit in place on the screw and secure the cable lug.
- 3 Connect the second side of the GND cable to the main or terminal ground bar of the site.
- 4 Perform a resistance test between the 2 lugs of the GND cable and verify that the result is 0-2 ohms.

**Notes:**

The unit's earthing screw terminal shall be permanently connected to protective earth in a building installation in accordance with applicable national code and regulations by a service person.

A 2-pole circuit breaker, a branch circuit protector, suitably certified in accordance with applicable national code and regulations, rated maximum 20A, shall be installed for full power disconnection in a building installation.

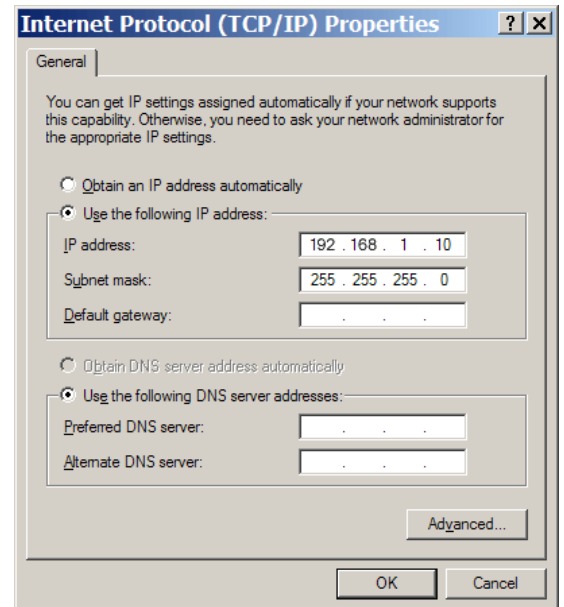
Any outdoor antenna cable shield shall be permanently connected to protective earth in a building installation.

Connecting to the Unit

1. Connect your laptops LAN port to the MGT port on the PTP 820S.
2. Configure an IP address on the laptop within the same subnet as the PTP 820S unit. The default PTP 820S IP address is 192.168.1.1. Set the PC address to e.g. 192.168.1.10 and subnet mask to 255.255.255.0. Record the initial settings before changing.
3. On the laptop, open the Internal Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties page and set the parameters shown in the figure on the right.
4. Open a web browser (Internet Explorer or Mozilla Firefox), enter the default IP address “192.168.1.1” in the Address Bar. Once the Login page opens, enter “admin” in both the **User Name** and **Password** fields, and click **Apply**.



A small dialog box titled "Login" with a light blue header. It contains two text input fields: "User Name" and "Password". Below the fields are two buttons: "Apply" and "Clear".



A screenshot of the "Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties" dialog box. The "General" tab is selected. It contains the following settings:

- ☐ Obtain an IP address automatically
- ☒ Use the following IP address:
 - IP address: 192 . 168 . 1 . 10
 - Subnet mask: 255 . 255 . 255 . 0
 - Default gateway: . . .
- ☐ Obtain DNS server address automatically
- ☒ Use the following DNS server addresses:
 - Preferred DNS server: . . .
 - Alternate DNS server: . . .

At the bottom right, there are buttons for "Advanced...", "OK", and "Cancel".

Changing the Default IP Address

Select **Platform > Management > Networking > Local**. The Local Networking Configuration page opens.

Local Networking Configuration

IP Family Configuration

IP address Family **IPv4** ← Select IPv4 or IPv6. The unit will use the selected protocol when initiating communications.

Apply

Description **local-management-port** ← Description of unit (optional)

IP address **192.168.1.34**

Subnet mask **255.255.255.0**

Default gateway **192.168.1.1**

IPv6 Address **fec0::c0:a8:1:1**

IPv6 Prefix-Length **120** (1..128)

Default Gateway IPv6 **::**

Apply Refresh

Before configuring the radio link, ensure that both ends of the link have unique IP addresses.

You can enter an IP address in IPv4 format (use the **IP address field) or IPv6 format (use the **IPv6 Address** field).**

Installing the Activation Key

New PTP 820S units are delivered with a default activation key that enables you to manage and configure the unit. Additional feature and capacity support requires you to enter an activation key cipher in the Activation Key Configuration page. Contact your vendor to obtain your activation key cipher.

If the activation-key-enabled capacity and feature set is exceeded, an Activation Key Violation alarm occurs and the Web EMS displays a yellow background and an activation key violation warning. After a 48-hour grace period, all other alarms are hidden until the capacity and features in use are brought within the activation key's capacity and feature set.

Demo mode is available, which enables all features for 60 days. When demo mode expires, the most recent valid activation key goes into effect.

To enter a new activation key, select

Platform > Activation Key > Activation Key Configuration. The Activation Key Configuration page opens.

The screenshot displays the 'Activation Key Configuration' page. On the left is a navigation menu with 'Platform' expanded, showing 'Activation Key' and its sub-items: 'Activation Key Configuration' (selected), 'Activation Key Overview', 'Security', 'Faults', 'Radio', 'Ethernet', 'Sync', 'Quick Configuration', and 'Utilities'. The main content area is divided into two sections. The top section, 'Activation Key - Status Parameters', shows fields for Type (Demo), Validation number (0x0), Date code (NA), Violation runtime counter (hours) (48), and Sanction state (No). The bottom section, 'Activation Key Configuration', contains a large text area for the 'Default Activation Key' (indicated by a red arrow), a 'Demo Mode Configuration' section with a 'Demo admin' dropdown set to 'Enable' (indicated by a red arrow) and a 'Demo timer (hours)' field set to '1368' (indicated by a red arrow), and 'Apply' and 'Refresh' buttons. Red arrows and text annotations provide instructions: 'Enter the activation key cipher here and click Apply.' points to the key field; 'To activate Demo mode, select Enable here and click Apply.' points to the 'Enable' dropdown; and 'Displays the number of hours that remain before demo mode expires.' points to the '1368' value in the demo timer field.

Configuring the Link

The Web EMS provides wizards to configure radio links. The wizards guide you through configuration of the basic radio parameters and services necessary to establish a working pipe link.

To configure a 1+0 link using the Quick Configuration wizard, select Quick Configuration > PIPE > Single Carrier > 1+0. Page 1 of the 1+0 Quick Configuration wizard opens.

1 Link Setup (PIPE) 1 + 0

Select one Ethernet and one radio interface, then select the PIPE type.

Interface Selection (1 + 0) Select an Ethernet interface or LAG for the link. Click **Create LAG** to open a wizard that guides you through the steps to create a LAG.

Ethernet Interface: Ethernet: Slot 1, port 1 Create LAG

Radio Interface: Radio: Slot 2, port 1

PIPE Type: dot1q Select a radio interface for the link.

<< Back Next >> Finish

Select the Attached Interface type for the service that will connect the radio and Ethernet interfaces:

- **s-tag** – All S-VLANs and untagged frames are classified into the service.
- **dot1q** – All C-VLANs and untagged frames are classified into the service.

2 Link Setup (PIPE) 1 + 0

Link Setup Progress: 30%

Enter the radio interface parameters.

Radio Parameters Configuration - Radio: Slot 2, Port 1, 1 + 0

TX Frequency (MHz): 6400.000 (0.214748.364)

RX Frequency (MHz): 6150.000 (0.214748.364)

TX Level (dBm): 5

TX Mute: Off

<< Back Next >> Finish

Set the transmission and received radio frequency in MHz.

Enter the desired TX signal level (TSL). The range of values depends on the frequency and RFU type.

Select On or Off to mute or unmute the TX output of the RFU.

3 Link Setup (PIPE) 1 + 0

Link Setup Progress: 50%

Select an MRMC script and profile.

Radio MRMC Script Configuration - Radio: Slot 2, Port 1, 1 + 0

Script ID: Script: 1507, XPIC, BW:40 MHz, OBW:37.4 MHz, 58.224-349.341 Mbps, ETSI+FCC, ACCP

Operational Mode: Adaptive

Maximum profile: Profile: 10, 2048 QAM, 349.341 Mbps

Minimum profile: Profile: 0, 4 QAM, 58.224 Mbps

<< Back Next >> Finish

Select the MRMC script you want to assign to the radio.

Select the ACM mode: **Fixed** or **Adaptive**.

- Fixed ACM mode applies constant TX and RX rates.
- In Adaptive ACM mode, TX and RX rates are dynamic. An ACM-enabled radio system automatically chooses which profile to use according to channel fading conditions.

If you selected **Fixed** in the **Operational Mode** field, the **Profile** field appears instead of these fields. Select the ACM profile for the radio in the **Profile** field.

If you selected **Adaptive** in the **Operational Mode** field, enter the maximum and minimum profiles for the script in these fields.

4

Link Setup (PIPE) 1 + 0

Link Setup Progress 75%

i To configure In Band management, choose 'Yes'
If you choose 'Yes', you will need to select a Management VLAN.

Management Configuration, 1 + 0

In Band Management Yes ▾

Management VLAN 1 ▾

☐ In Band includes Ethernet interface

<< Back Next >> Finish

Select **Yes** to configure in-band management or **No** if you do not need in-band management.

If you selected **Yes** above, select the management VLAN.

Select this box if you want to use the Ethernet interface as well as the radio interface for in-band management.

5

Link Setup (PIPE) 1 + 0

Link Setup Progress 100%

Following are the parameters that you have selected, 1 + 0

Radio interface: Radio: Slot 2, Port 1

TX Frequency: 6400 MHz, RX Frequency: 6150 MHz

TX Level (dBm): 5 TX Mute: Off

MPMC Script ID: 1507, Operational Mode: Adaptive, Maximum profile: 10, Minimum profile: 0

Ethernet Interface: LAG: Group #1

PIPE Type: dot1q

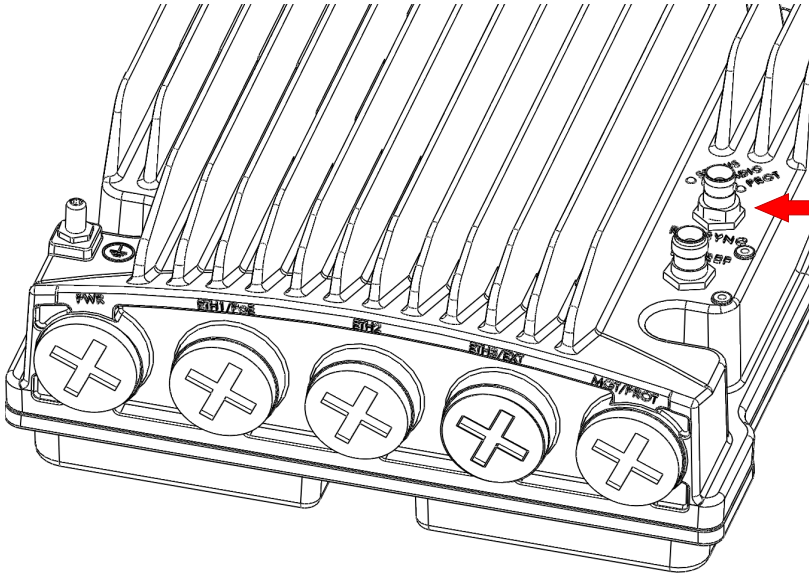
In Band Management: Yes, Management VLAN: 1, Ethernet included: No

⚠ Warning: After you click Submit, the system will be configured with these parameters and the interfaces will be reset. Traffic will be affected.

<< Back Next >> Submit

Review the parameters and click **Submit** to complete configuration of the link. After you click **Submit**, the unit is reset.

Link Verification



To display the BER using the Web EMS, go to the Aggregate PM report (**Radio > PM & Statistics > Aggregate**).

To display the RSL PMs using the Web EMS, go to the Radio Parameters page (**Radio > PM & Statistics > Signal Level**).

Verify that the Received Signal Level (RSL) is up to ± 4 dB from the expected (calculated) level at both ends of the link.

You can measure the RSL at the BNC port indicated in the figure to the left. The voltage at the BNC port is 1.XX where XX is the RSL level. For example: 1.59V means an RSL of -59 dBm. Note that the voltage measured at the BNC port is not accurate and should be used only as an aid).

Verify that the Radio Bit Error Rate (BER) is $10E-11$ or higher.

If working with ATPC, verify that ATPC is operating as expected (RSL = reference level).

To display the current RSL (RX) using the Web EMS, go to the Radio Parameters page (**Radio > Radio Parameters**).

Problems and warranty

Reporting problems

If any problems are encountered when installing or operating this equipment, follow this procedure to investigate and report:

- 1 Search this document and the software release notes of supported releases.
- 2 Visit the support website.
- 3 Ask for assistance from the Cambium product supplier.
- 4 Gather information from affected units, such as any available diagnostic downloads.
- 5 Escalate the problem by emailing or telephoning support.

Repair and service

If unit failure is suspected, obtain details of the Return Material Authorization (RMA) process from the support website (<https://support.cambiumnetworks.com>).

Hardware warranty

Cambium's standard hardware warranty is for one (1) year from date of shipment from Cambium Networks or a Cambium distributor. Cambium Networks warrants that hardware will conform to the relevant published specifications and will be free from material defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service. Cambium shall within this time, at its own option, either repair or replace the defective product within thirty (30) days of receipt of the defective product. Repaired or replaced product will be subject to the original warranty period but not less than thirty (30) days.

To register PMP and PTP products or activate warranties, visit the support website. For warranty assistance, contact the reseller or distributor. The removal of the tamper-evident seal will void the warranty.

**Caution**

Using non-Cambium parts for repair could damage the equipment or void warranty. Contact Cambium for service and repair instructions.

Portions of Cambium equipment may be damaged from exposure to electrostatic discharge. Use precautions to prevent damage.

Cambium Networks

Cambium Networks provides professional grade fixed wireless broadband and microwave solutions for customers around the world. Our solutions are deployed in thousands of networks in over 153 countries, with our innovative technologies providing reliable, secure, cost-effective connectivity that's easy to deploy and proven to deliver outstanding metrics.

Our flexible Point-to-Multipoint (PMP) solutions operate in the licensed, unlicensed and federal frequency bands, providing reliable, secure, cost effective access networks. With more than three million modules deployed in networks around the world, our PMP access network solutions prove themselves day-in and day-out in residential access, leased line replacement, video surveillance and smart grid infrastructure applications.

Our award-winning Point to Point (PTP) radio solutions operate in licensed, unlicensed and defined use frequency bands including specific FIPS 140-2 solutions for the U.S. Federal market. Ruggedized for 99.999% availability, our PTP solutions have an impeccable track record for delivering reliable high-speed backhaul connectivity even in the most challenging non-line-of-sight RF environments.

Cambium Networks solutions are proven, respected leaders in the wireless broadband industry. We design, deploy and deliver innovative data, voice and video connectivity solutions that enable and ensure the communications of life, empowering personal, commercial and community growth virtually everywhere in the world.

Contacting Cambium Networks

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